#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

Current Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

> November 6, 2018 (Date of earliest event reported)

### **GRIFFIN INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

Delaware

1-12879

06-0868496

10022

(Zip Code)

(212) 218-7910

(Commission File Number) (IRS Employer Identification No.)

**641 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York** (Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-49(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company  $\Box$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

On November 6, 2018, Griffin Industrial Realty, Inc. ("Griffin" or the "Registrant") updated its investor presentation ("Investor Presentation as of November 2018") that was previously provided at its Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 15, 2018.

A copy of the Investor Presentation as of November 2018 is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8 K.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1: Griffin's Investor Presentation as of November 2018 (attached hereto).

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### GRIFFIN INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.

By: /s/Anthony J. Galici Anthony J. Galici Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

Dated: November 6, 2018

Exhibit 99.1

# GRIFFIN INDUSTRIAL REALTY

# **INVESTOR PRESENTATION**

**NOVEMBER 2018** 

1

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This presentation (the "Presentation") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. For this purpose, any statements contained in this Presentation that relate to future events or conditions including, without limitation, the statements regarding site work for and construction of additional buildings, Griffin's plan not to add to its office/flex portfolio, closing of land transactions currently under agreement, acquisition and growth strategy as disclosed herein, growing cash flow and increasing stockholder value, approvals for future developments on Griffin's land, monetization of land holdings, anticipated impact of the U.S. tax reform, changes in certain expenses, potential impact of increased interest rates on future borrowings, industry prospects, offerings that may be made pursuant to an "at-the-market" equity distribution program and related impact and use of proceeds, or Griffin's plans, intentions, expectations, or prospective results of operations or financial position, may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "expects" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements represent management's current expectations and are inherently uncertain. There are a number of important factors that could materially impact the value of Griffin's common stock or cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. Such factors are described in Griffin's Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including the "Business," "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Information" sections in Griffin's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2017. Although Griffin believes that its plans, intentions and expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. The projected information disclosed in this Presentation is based on assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable by Griffin as of the date hereof, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and regulatory uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of Griffin and which could cause actual results and events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forwardlooking statements. Griffin disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements in this Presentation as a result of developments occurring after the date of this Presentation except as required by law.

## **WHO IS GRIFFIN?**

Griffin acquires, develops, and manages industrial real estate properties in select infill, emerging and regional markets

Focus on smaller light industrial/warehouse buildings (100,000 to 400,000 square feet)

**Converts its undeveloped land into income producing properties** 

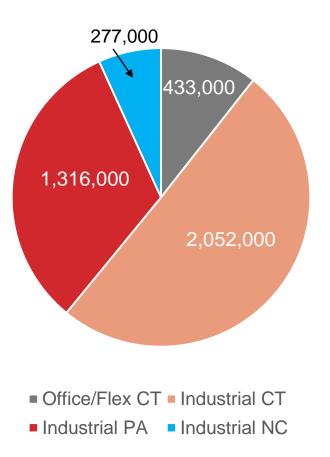
Publicly traded since the 1997 spin-off with a corporate history dating back to 1906

Enterprise value of approximately \$297 million\*

\* Based on stock price as of October 31, 2018 and balance sheet data as of August 31, 2018. See page 24 for calculation.

## **CURRENT PORTFOLIO**

### 4,078,000 Square Feet 37 Buildings



#### INDUSTRIAL/WAREHOUSE PROPERTIES (25 buildings)

Total Square Feet	3,645,000	
% of Portfolio	89%	
Average Building Size (sf)	146,000	
Average Lease Size (sf)	82,000	
Wtd. Avg. Remaining Lease Term	4.9	years
Wtd. Avg. Building Age	8.9	years

#### **OFFICE/FLEX PROPERTIES** (12 buildings)

Total Square Feet	433,000
% of Portfolio	11%
Average Building Size (sf)	36,000

UNDEVELOPED LAND HOLDINGS		Book Value
	Acres	\$MM
Master-Planned Industrial/Warehouse	249	\$6.6
Significant Commerical/Mixed Use	314	1.6
Under Sale Agreement for Solar Project	280	0.2
Entitled Residential	296	9.6
Nursery Land for Lease	1,736	1.7
Other Land Holdings	977	2.9
Total	3,852	\$22.6

# HARTFORD, CT INDUSTRIAL MARKET



#### Hartford Industrial Market (1)

- 74.6 MM SF of industrial/warehouse space
- 8.3% vacancy rate (6.6% in North Submarket, where Griffin's properties are located)
- North Submarket is the largest (40% of market)
- Positive trends in rent growth and absorption

#### Strategic Location <sup>(2)</sup>

- 1/3 of the US population within a one-day drive. Nearly 24 million people within a 2 hour drive
- Major connectivity to New England and Middle Atlantic (PA, NY and south). NYC and Boston 2 hours away
  - I-91/I-84 with easy access to I-90 and I-95
- Bradley International Airport / Foreign Trade Zone

#### Solid Demographics/Corporate Base

- Highly educated and productive workforce <sup>(2)</sup>
- Major corporate presence United Technologies, Aetna, The Hartford, Travelers, United Healthcare, ESPN, Eversource, Cigna, Voya Financial, Stanley Black & Decker

#### Compelling industrial/warehouse market dynamics

- Well-located for local and regional distribution
- Supply constrained densely populated, difficult entitlements (NIMBY), limited industrial land sites
- Major Users: C&S Wholesale, Amazon, Dollar Tree, TJX, Walgreens, Home Depot, Honda, Tire Rack, Pepperidge Farm, Serta Simmons, Ford Motor, Eaton, Domino's, Little Caesar's, JB Hunt, XPO Logistics, FedEx, UPS

#### Griffin's New England Tradeport is adjacent to Bradley Airport with direct connectivity to I-91 and is amongst the premier master-planned industrial parks in New England

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: CBRE | New England Marketview, Hartford Industrial Q3 2018. Data as of the end of Q3 2018 unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development.

# **LEHIGH VALLEY, PA INDUSTRIAL MARKET**



#### Lehigh Valley Industrial Market (1)

- 123.7 MM SF of warehouse space (40,000 SF and above)
- 2.8MM SF of positive net absorption in Q3 2018
- 9.0% overall vacancy rate (6.8% in counties where Griffin's properties are located)
  - Overall vacancy impacted by delivery of several large spec buildings/Berks County

#### Strategic Location <sup>(2)</sup>

- 40% of the US population within a one-day round trip drive; 80% of US population within a one-day one-way drive
- Multi-directional connectivity I-78 and US 22 (East-West) with Route 33 extending North-South
- 60 miles to Philadelphia, 90 miles to NJ ports and NYC, 135 miles to Baltimore, 175 miles to Washington, DC

#### Strong industrial/warehouse market dynamics

- Well-located for local and regional distribution
- Lower operating costs vs. New Jersey and New York <sup>(2)</sup>
  - Lower taxes, greater labor availability
- Major barriers to entry scarcity of well-located development sites, protracted approval process, NIMBY/zoning changes limiting future development
- FedEx opening largest ground hub in the US next to Lehigh Valley Airport

The Lehigh Valley is a Tier 1 Industrial Market and Griffin's 1.3 million square feet (6 buildings) are Class A buildings that are, on average, 4.1 years old.

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: CBRE Research. Submarket: Lehigh Valley; Type: Industrial; Status: Existing and Under Construction; Size 40,000 sf +. Data as of Q3 2018. unless otherwise indicated.

# **GRIFFIN STRATEGY**

# **KEYS TO GROWING CASH FLOW AND INCREASING STOCKHOLDER VALUE**

Maintain high occupancy in existing portfolio

**Continue development on existing land holdings** 

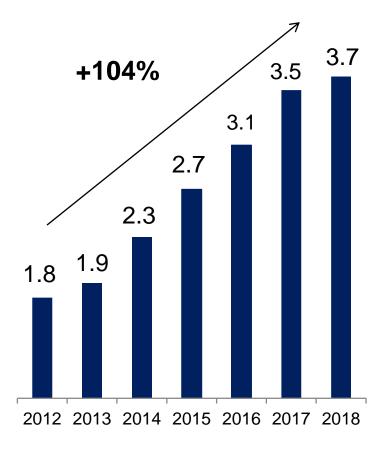
Sell currently owned land to fund purchases of buildings or land for potential development

Focused acquisition strategy

Leverage existing infrastructure/G&A

### **MAINTAIN OCCUPANCY IN EXISTING PORTFOLIO**

Total Square Footage Leased<sup>(1)</sup> (in millions)



- Griffin's industrial portfolio is 93% leased (97% excluding the 134,000 sf "spec" building completed in September 2018)<sup>(2)</sup>
  - CT industrial portfolio 95% leased
  - Lehigh Valley portfolio 90% leased
    - 100% leased excluding the 134,000 sf "spec" building completed in September 2018
  - Charlotte building 100% leased
- Office/Flex market remains challenging
  - Greater Hartford market office vacancy is approximately 17.7% with the north submarket at 33.0%<sup>(3)</sup>
  - Griffin's office/flex portfolio is 72% leased <sup>(2)</sup>
  - Office/Flex is 11% of Griffin's portfolio<sup>(2)</sup> and this percentage has been, and is expected to continue, declining - We do not plan to add to our office/flex portfolio

(1) Square footage leased is as of each applicable fiscal year end for 2012 – 2017 and October 31, 2018.

- (2) Griffin percentage leased and percentage of portfolio information as of October 31, 2018.
- (3) Source: CBRE New England Marketview, Q3 2018.

### **DEVELOPMENT ON EXISTING PROPERTY CASE STUDY - 330 STONE ROAD**

#### 137,000 sf Class A industrial/warehouse building in New England Tradeport (CT) completed November 2017

- NE Tradeport was essentially 100% occupied, Hartford industrial market vacancy low
- Low cost basis land
- Pre-leased 54% of the building before construction started

#### **Financial Summary:**

- Estimated stabilized<sup>(1)</sup> costs: \$71/sf
- Estimated unlevered stabilized<sup>(1)</sup> yield on cost: 8.5%
- Received \$51/sf (\$7 million) in mortgage proceeds, reducing net cash investment to \$20/sf
- Avg. estimated stabilized<sup>(1)</sup> levered yield on cost over first five lease years: 14.7%
- Potential value of \$87/sf or 1.7x Griffin's net investment (+\$16/sf) assuming 7.0% cap rate



See appendix for definitions of net cash investment, unlevered yield on cost and levered yield on cost.

<sup>(1)</sup> Stabilized assumes lease-up of remaining 63,000 square feet of 330 Stone Road by March 2019 for a 5 year term at an initial lease rate of \$5.75/sf (with

<sup>3%</sup> annual increases) and requiring approximately \$11.50/sf in tenant improvements and leasing commissions.

## **DEVELOPMENT ON EXISTING PROPERTY CASE STUDY – 220 TRADEPORT DRIVE**

#### 234,000 sf building in New England Tradeport (CT) completed September 2018

- Build-to-suit for investment-grade company for the distribution of auto parts
- 12.5 year lease

#### **Financial Summary:**

- Low cost basis land
- Estimated costs<sup>(1)</sup>: \$72/sf
- Estimated unlevered yield on cost: 8.9%
- Expected net mortgage proceeds<sup>(1)</sup> of \$60/sf (\$14.1 million), reducing net cash investment to \$13/sf
- Average levered yield on cost over first five lease years: 21.6%
- Potential value of \$98/sf or 2.9x Griffin's net investment (+\$26/sf) assuming 6.5% cap rate

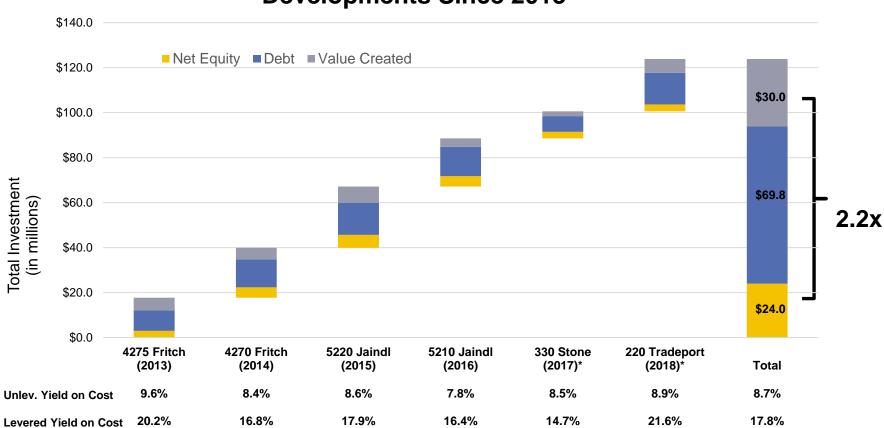




See appendix for definitions of net cash investment, unlevered yield on cost and levered yield on cost. (1) As certain work has only recently been completed, analysis uses latest forecasted values for final costs and total mortgage proceeds.

### **SUCCESSFUL HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM**

Last 6 developments totaling \$94 million of investment averaged a 17.8% levered return and generated 2.2x Griffin's net cash investment using a 6.5% avg. cap rate



**Developments Since 2013** 

See Appendix for definitions of net cash investment, unlevered yield on cost and levered yield on cost.

\* See footnotes on pages 10 and 11 for information on assumptions for 330 Stone and 220 Tradeport, respectively.

## **DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE**

### 368,000 SF recently completed and 283,000 SF under construction

### 234,000 SF Build-to-Suit, New England Tradeport, CT

Lease commenced September 2018

### 134,000 SF "Spec" Building, Lehigh Valley, PA

- Lehigh Valley market vacancy remains low with strong tenant activity and rising rents
- Completed fiscal Q4 2018 Marketing efforts ongoing

### 283,000 SF "Spec" 2 Building Development, Concord, NC

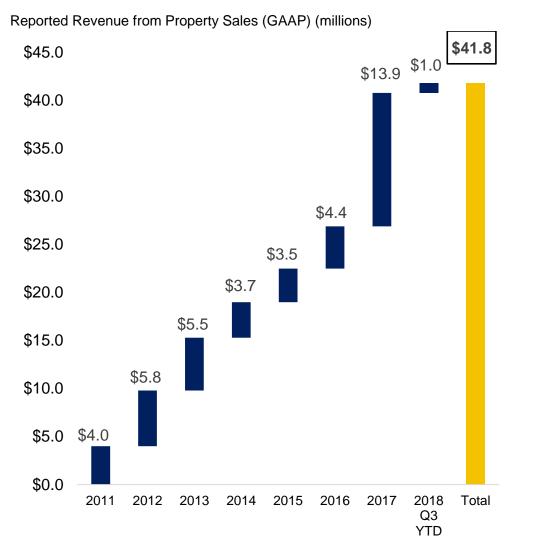
- Closed on \$2.6 million land purchase in July 2018
- Charlotte market vacancy remains low with strong absorption
- Sitework started in fiscal Q4 2018; expect to complete both buildings in fiscal Q3 2019

# Under agreement to purchase additional land sites in the Lehigh Valley and Charlotte Market

 Closings on these parcels remain subject to several contingencies and are not expected before middle of 2019

# **MONETIZING LAND HOLDINGS**

### We have realized \$41.8 million in revenue from land sales between 2011 and Q3 2018



- Strategy to sell land we do not intend to develop ourselves
  - Industrial land to larger warehouse
    users who want to own
  - Non-core holdings (mostly nonindustrial)
- The cumulative land sales of \$41.8 million generated a pretax gain of \$32.9 million
  - Past sales to users including Amazon, Dollar Tree, Walgreen's, ARAMARK
- Agreement in place for a \$7.7 million land sale for use as a solar farm
- We continue to seek to monetize additional land holdings

# **ACQUISITION/GROWTH STRATEGY**

# Focus on industrial/warehouse buildings between 100,000 and 400,000 square feet – acquire existing buildings or land for development of such buildings

- Key locations for national or international companies (regional/super-regional distribution)
- Provide last mile of distribution / buildings to service the local population
- For smaller tenants, the property may be a tenant's sole or mission critical location

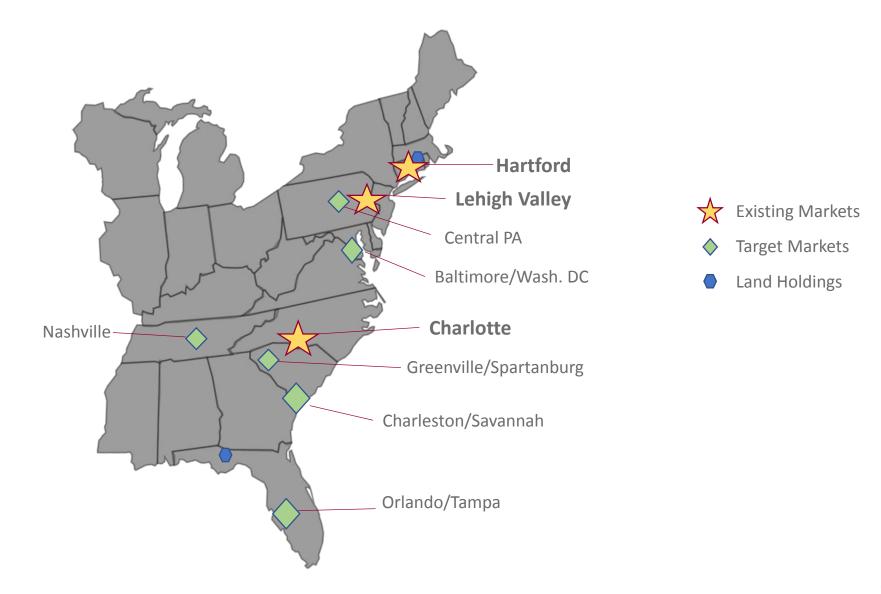
#### **Targeted regional strategy**

- Achieve critical mass in a handful of targeted markets;
  - Deep local market knowledge: leads to proprietary deal sourcing/ways to add value
  - Current focus on the Northeast, Middle Atlantic and Southeast
- Markets with large/growing populations, close proximity to key transportation infrastructure (major highways, airports, rail, seaports) and supply constraints/barriers to entry
- Examples: Charlotte, Nashville, Orlando, Charleston, Greenville/Spartanburg, Baltimore/Washington DC

#### **Types of Assets**

- Core or Value-Add Opportunities with conservative underwriting and cap rate discipline
- Seek to buy at a discount to replacement cost buy "buildings" (cost/foot) rather than leases
- Well-located, functional and flexible assets appeals to a broad set of users and tenant sizes
  - Single or multi-tenant, clear heights typically 24 feet and above, modest amount of office
- Entitled and raw land to take through approvals; not seeking to land bank for the long term

### **EXISTING & POSSIBLE TARGET MARKETS**



# **ACQUISITION STRATEGY – CHARLOTTE, NC**



### Charlotte Industrial Market (1)

- 168.5 MM SF of warehouse space
  - 40.1 MM Class A (2)
- 4.6% vacancy rate
- 28.6% rent growth Q3 2012 to Q3 2018
- 3.5 MM SF absorption in last 4 quarters
  - 5.1 MM SF new deliveries in last 4 quarters

### Why Charlotte?

#### Compelling economic and demographic growth

- 21<sup>st</sup> largest MSA in the US (2.5 million people)<sup>(3)</sup>
  with 65% population growth since 2000
- GDP grew 31% between 2011-2016, 9<sup>th</sup> most among largest MSAs <sup>(4)</sup>

#### **Robust transportation infrastructure**

- Charlotte Douglas Airport (CLT) is one of the busiest in the country
- Intermodal rail yard at CLT (Norfolk Southern & CSX both are active in Charlotte)
- Convenient access to Ports of Charleston and Savannah
- Major highways I-77, I-85, I-40 and recent completion of the I-485 "ring road" beltway

#### Strong industrial/warehouse market dynamics

- Well-located for local, regional, super-regional distribution
- Class A rents below national average

# Potential for Griffin to increase its scale over time through acquisition and development

(3) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Cushman & Wakefield: Charlotte Americas MarketBeat Industrial Q3 2018. Data as of the end of Q3 2018 unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Class A square footage – CoStar.

<sup>(4)</sup> Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.

## **ACQUISITION STRATEGY – CASE STUDY:** 215 INTERNATIONAL DRIVE, CONCORD NC

# 277,000 sf, Class A warehouse, located just northeast of Charlotte in Concord, NC

- **Off-market transaction** acquisition sourced through relationship with local developer
- Value-add opportunity building was 61% leased to two tenants at time of sale agreement
  - 100% leased shortly after closing an existing tenant expanded into balance of the space
- **Strategic new market entry** ability to grow through future acquisition and development
  - Purchased approximately 22 acres across the street for \$2.6 million and commenced development of two buildings totaling approximately 283,000 sf
- Utilized a 1031 "Like–Kind" Exchange to purchase the building; deferred taxable gain from \$10.3 million CT land sale
- Purchased for \$18.4 million (\$66/SF), financed with a \$12.15 million mortgage at 3.97%
  - Current unlevered yield on cost of 6.57%
  - 10.3% average expected levered yield on cost over first five lease years
- The combination of the CT land sale/NC building acquisition and financing resulted in net \$3.2 million of additional cash, ownership of a fully-leased 277,000 sf building, approx. \$700,000 in cash income after interest expense and deferral of income taxes on an \$8 million gain.





# **FINANCIALS AND VALUATION**

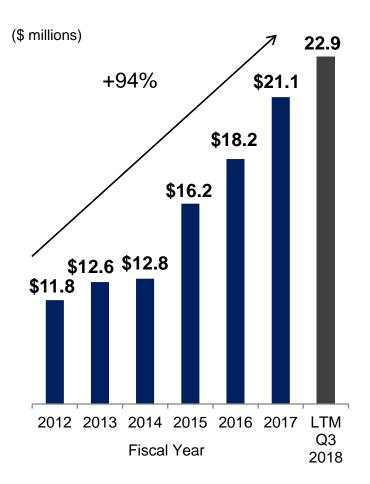
## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

(in thousands)	Fiscal Year					LTM		
		2014		2015	2016	2017		Aug. 2018
Rental Revenue	\$	20,552	\$	24,605	\$ 26,487	\$ 29,939	\$	32,243
Operating Expenses of Rental Prop.		7,801		8,415	 8,250	 8,866		9,322
Profit from Leasing Activities (1)	\$	12,751	\$	16,190	\$ 18,237	\$ 21,073	\$	22,921
% Growth		1.2%		27.0%	12.6%	15.6%		16.8%
Other Income Statement Items								
Gain on Property Sales	\$	2,864	\$	2,849	\$ 3,554	\$ 10,165	\$	1,009
General & Administrative Expenses		7,077		7,057	7,367	8,552		8,236
Depreciation & Amortization Expense		6,729		7,668	8,797	10,064		11,141
Interest Expense		3,529		3,670	4,545	5,690		6,056
Cash Flow Items	_							
Additions to Real Estate Assets	\$	(15,583)	\$	(31,188)	\$ (15,734)	\$ (36,045)	\$	(30,308)
Mortgage Amortization		(2,017)		(2,232)	(2,679)	(3,306)		(3,587)
								As of
Balance Sheet & Other Items							А	ug. 31, 2018
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term	_							46.01,2010
investments	\$	17,059	\$	18,271	\$ 24,689	\$ 30,068	\$	22,972
Real Estate Assets, net (2)		144,465		167,873	175,252	198,672		216,437
Mortgage and Construction Loans		70,168		90,436	111,139	130,977		143,282
Square feet leased		2,318		2,706	3,066	3,515		3,471
Occupancy		84%		89%	93%	95%		94%

(1) Profit from Leasing Activities is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for further information on Profit from Leasing Activities.

(2) Includes real estate assets at cost, net and real estate held for sale.

# **PROFIT FROM LEASING ACTIVITIES\***



- Increase in portfolio square footage and occupancy led to meaningful growth in Profit from Leasing Activities
- Does not include additional Profit from Leasing Activities expected from:
  - Full year impact of leases signed during fiscal 2017 and 2018
  - Lease of Build-to-Suit building that commenced in September 2018
  - Offset by full year impact of leases that expired (or are expected to expire) during the year

\* See appendix for further information on Profit from Leasing Activities.

# **IMPACT OF US TAX REFORM**

### Corporate federal statutory tax rate reduced from 35% to 21%

- Griffin typically has not paid federal income taxes (benefit of interest expense and depreciation expense) but if we do generate taxable income in the future, the savings would be material
- Reduces tax disadvantage of C-Corp structure versus REIT (0% tax rate)
  - Though REIT dividends (as a pass-through entity) benefit from a more favorable tax rate vs. C-Corp. dividends
- Fiscal 2018 results include a non-cash charge (included in income tax provision) for remeasurement of deferred tax assets at the new tax rate

# As a real estate company, Griffin can elect to avoid the cap/limitation on the deductibility of interest expense from debt

• As an offset, Griffin would lose some benefits of accelerated depreciation

### Section 1031 Like-Kind Exchanges remain mostly intact

### Net impact to Griffin's cash payment of taxes expected to be quite small in the near/medium term.

### **VALUATION CONSIDERATIONS**

### Griffin has generated strong growth in its Profit from Leasing Activities<sup>(1)</sup>

- 16.8% growth for the LTM period ended August 31, 2018 and 15.6% for fiscal 2017
- Given our size, new developments, acquisitions or sizable leases can have a material impact on our profit growth
- Profit from Leasing Activities<sup>(1)</sup> for the LTM period ended August 31, 2018 does not include:
  - Full year impacts of leases signed in the fiscal 2017 fourth quarter and the impact of the buildto-suit that was completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 (partially offset by leases that expired, or are expected to expire, during the fiscal year)

# All of Griffin's debt outstanding is locked in at or swapped into fixed rates with a weighted average rate of 4.30% as of August 31, 2018

- Eliminates exposure to higher interest expense on current borrowings
- Less than \$7.7 million (5%) out of \$143.3 million outstanding matures before 2025
  - > Rates may have bottomed and future mortgages likely will be above the current average

#### Typical "income" valuation metrics are difficult to apply to Griffin

- Undeveloped land accounts for a portion of Griffin's "value" but <u>contributes to G&A cost</u>
  - Book Value of undeveloped land is less than \$5,900/acre<sup>(1)</sup> which we believe is well below market (note recent sales transactions and land currently under agreement of sale)
- Ability to further leverage G&A

## **IMPLIED VALUE OF GRIFFIN'S REAL ESTATE**

With undeveloped land valued at book, the implied value of Griffin's buildings is \$67.41/sf which equates to a 7.9% cap rate.

	(in thousands)	
Shares Outstanding	5,045	
Stock Price	\$ 35.12	
Market Capitalization	\$ 177,180	
Long-term Debt	\$ 143,282	
Cash and Short-term Investments	<u>\$ (22,972)</u>	
Enterprise Value	\$ 297,490	
Undeveloped Land at Book Value	<u>\$ (22,546</u> )	<b>\$ 5,853</b> /acre
Implied Building Value	\$ 274,944	<b>\$ 67.41</b> /sq.ft.
Building Profit From Leasing Activities	\$ 21,700	
Implied Building Value	\$ 274,944	
Implied Capitalization Rate	7.9%	

#### Strong growth rate in Profit from Leasing Activities should support better valuation

 Does not include net positive impacts from leases signed in the fiscal 2017 fourth quarter and fiscal 2018

# Book value of land we believe is below market value

 Does not reflect sales price for land currently under agreement of sale

# Implied cap rate of 7.9% is well above the approximate 5.14%<sup>(1)</sup> to 5.35%<sup>(2)</sup> industry comparables

- Assuming a 6.5% cap rate for Griffin would imply an equity value of just under \$47/share (with land at book value)
- Prologis acquired DCT in August 2018 for \$108/sf (\$119/sf excluding projects under development/repositioning)<sup>(3)</sup>

Stock price as of October 31, 2018.

Undeveloped Land at Book Value includes land, land improvements and development costs associated with the undeveloped land (including the nursery land for lease) as of August 31, 2018. Shares outstanding, long-term debt, cash and short-term investments are all as of August 31, 2018.

Building Profit from Leasing Activities is for the LTM ended August 31, 2018 and is not a measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. See Appendix for further information.

(1) Source: CBRE Research | U.S. Cap Rate Survey | First Half 2018 | Industrial Class A.

(2) Source: KeyBanc Capital Markets, Industrial Leaderboard, October 26, 2018, Industrial sector implied capitalization rate.

(3) Source: Prologis press release August 22, 2018.

### **WHO IS GRIFFIN?**

Griffin acquires, develops, and manages industrial real estate properties in select infill, emerging and regional markets

Focus on smaller light industrial/warehouse buildings (100,000 to 400,000 square feet)

**Converts its undeveloped land into income producing properties** 

Publicly traded since the 1997 spin-off with a corporate history dating back to 1906

Enterprise value of approximately \$297 million\*

\* Based on stock price as of October 31, 2018 and balance sheet data as of August 31, 2018. See page 24 for calculation.

### **APPENDIX - NOTES**

#### Book Value of Undeveloped Land (pages 4, 23 and 24)

#### Calculation of Book Value of Undeveloped Land

Undeveloped Land includes all acreage not associated with an existing building or a building under construction and includes the CT and FL nursery land for lease. Book Value of Undeveloped Land reflects the cost of the land, land improvements (after depreciation), development costs on undeveloped land and all equipment on the CT and FL nursery land for lease. The Book Value of Undeveloped Land of \$5,853 per acre is calculated by dividing the \$22.6 million Book Value of Undeveloped Land (see pages 4 and 23) by Griffin's total undeveloped acres of 3,852 (see page 4).

#### Profit From Leasing Activities (pages 20, 21, 23 and 24)

**Profit From Leasing Activities** is defined by Griffin as the Rental Revenue less Operating Expenses of Rental Properties and does not include depreciation, general and administrative expenses or interest expense.

Building Profit From Leasing Activities is defined by Griffin as Profit from Leasing Activities less the rental profit from leases of the Connecticut and Florida nursery land and leases of various parcels of undeveloped land in Connecticut for use by local farmers (Nursery and Farm Rental Profit).

*Nursery and Farm Rental Profit* is defined by Griffin as Rental Revenue and Operating Expenses of Rental Properties from leases of the Connecticut and Florida nursery land and various parcels of Connecticut land that Griffin owns that are leased to local farmers.

#### Calculation of Building Profit from Leasing Activities

Profit from Leasing Activities (LTM 8/31/2018)	\$22,921
Nursery and Farm Rental Profit	(1,221)
Building Profit from Leasing Activities	<u>\$21,700</u>

### **APPENDIX - NOTES**

#### Case Study (pages 10, 11, 12 and 18)

*Cash Costs* is defined as land (at book value) plus the cash costs for building construction, including land improvements, tenant improvements, leasing costs and required off-site improvements, if any.

**Net cash investment** is defined as *Cash Costs* less the proceeds from mortgage financing, net of any costs related to such financing. *The net cash investment* is adjusted annually and increased for any additional investment (e.g. tenant improvements) into the building and increased by the annual mortgage amortization (if any) related to the financing on the building.

Unlevered yield on cost or unlevered return is defined as the average, over the period the entire building is leased, of the annual Profit from Leasing Activities (Rental Revenue less Operating Expenses of Rental Properties) of the property (determined using the contracted rental rates in the triple net (NNN) lease) divided by the Cash Costs.

Levered yield on cost or levered return is defined as the average, over the period the entire building is leased, of the annual Profit from Leasing Activities (Rental Revenue less Operating Expenses of Rental Properties) of the property (determined using the contracted rental rates in the triple net (NNN) lease) less the annual interest expense from the financing on the property divided by the *net cash investment*.

*Multiple of Griffin's net investment* is determined by: (i) dividing the average, over the term the entire building is leased, contractual rental rate per square foot as set forth in the lease by a capitalization rate to determine a value per square foot for the property; (ii) subtracting the principal amount of the mortgage (on a per square foot basis) on the property at inception from the value per square foot of the property calculated in (i) and multiplying the result by the total square footage of the property; and (iii) dividing the amount determined in (ii) by the *net cash investment* as determined above. The capitalization rate used in this analysis is based on capitalization rates used by third-party appraisers for the subject or similar properties.

### **APPENDIX – ALTERNATE SLIDE**

### SUCCESFUL HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT

Last 6 developments totaling \$94 million of investment averaged a 17.8% levered return and generated 2.2x Griffin's net cash investment using a 6.5% avg. cap rate



- \$94 million of investment in last 6 developments
  - \$24 million net equity invested
- \$30 million value created (above investment)
  - 6.5% average cap rate
  - 2.2x Griffin's net cash investment
- Developments have generated strong yields
  - Unlevered Yield on Cost: 8.7%
  - Levered Yield on Cost: 17.8%

See Appendix for definitions of net cash investment, unlevered yield on cost and levered yield on cost

\* See footnotes on pages 10 and page 11 for information on assumptions for 330 Stone Road and 220 Tradeport Drive, respectively.